Controls Qualifying Examination August 2014

Student Name: Student PIN:

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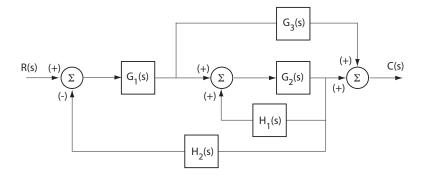
Department of Mechanical Engineering Michigan State University

Open Book Answer All Questions All Questions Weight Equally

Time: 3.0 hours

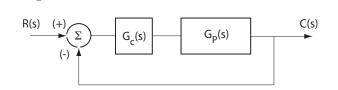
Problem 1.

Find the transfer function T(s) = C(s)/R(s) from the block diagram given below.



Problem 2.

For the system shown in the figure below



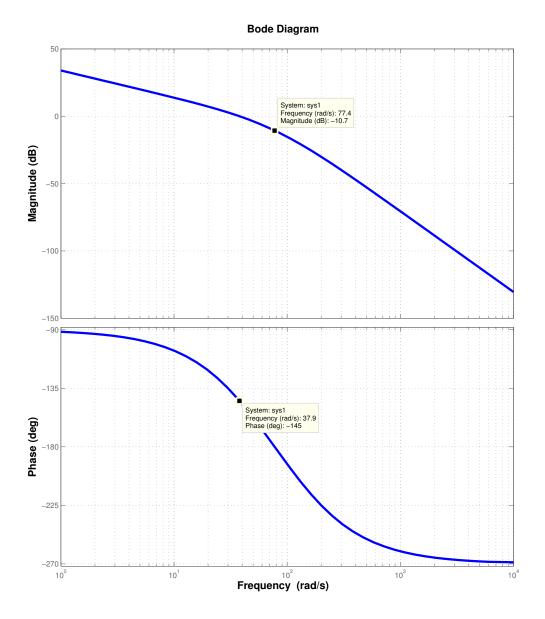
sketch the root locus for

$$G_c(s) = K,$$
 $G_p(s) = \frac{(s+0.4)}{s^2(s+3.6)}$

[Hint: Find all break away points before drawing the root locus.]

Problem 3.

Consider a unity (negative) feedback with KG as the open-loop system transfer function. The open-loop system transfer function of K(s)G(s) was measured for K(s) = 1 and the Bode Diagram is given as follows.



- (a) What is the closed-loop system's Gain Margin?
- (b) What is the closed-loop system's Phase Margin?
- (c) Is the closed-loop system stable at K = 1?
- (d) What is the maximum closed-loop stable value of K?

Problem 4.

Consider the feedback system with the open-loop transfer function K(s)G(s) in Problem 3.

The objective of the feedback control is that the close-loop system's phase margin is 50° and the steady state error for a unit ramp signal r(t) is 0.01. Note that for this tracking control, the input to K(s)G(s) is now replaced with u(t) = r(t) - y(t), where u(t) and y(t) are input and output signals of K(s)G(s). (a) Choose a type of a compensator for K(s). Justify your answer and state design targets.

(b) Determine the DC gain of your compensator necessary to meet the steady state error requirement when

$$\lim_{t \to \infty} sG(s) = 50.$$

(c) Assume that your controller K(s) from (a) stabilizes the closed-loop system. Compute the steady state error of the closed-loop system with your choice of the compensator K(s) for unit step input r(t).